

DEVELOPMENT CASE STUDIES IN THE GULF OF MEXICO

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2023 Joint Annual GoM Carb - SECARB
Offshore Partnerships' Meeting



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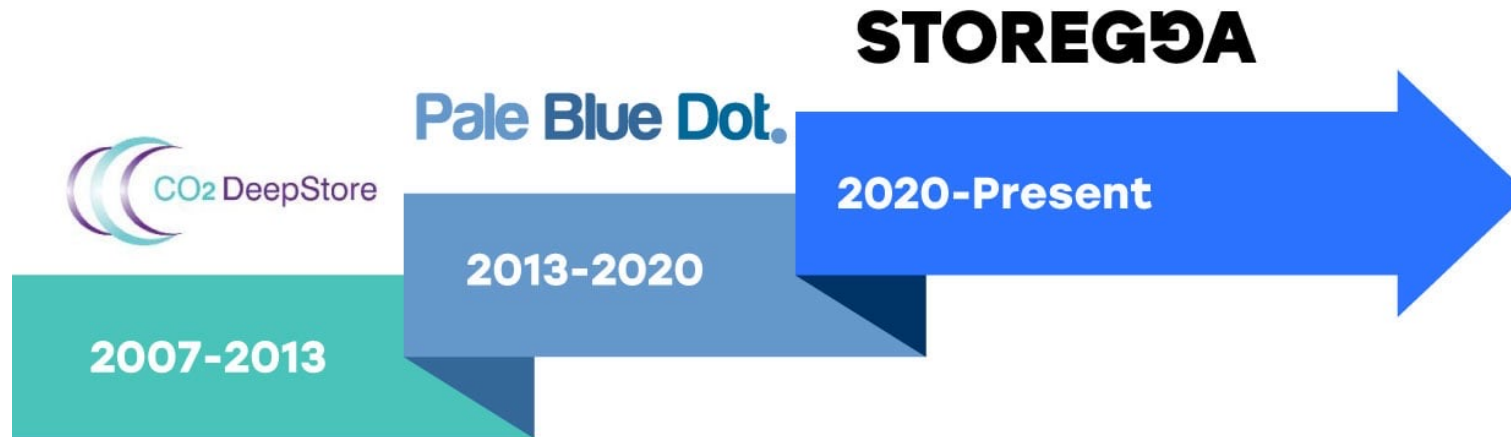
STOREGGA INTRO

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- Early stage developer of energy transition projects:



- Backed by investors: Macquarie, Mitsui, GIC, M&G and Snam



STARTED IN THE UK...

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UK - Acorn

Preparing to apply for Department of Energy Strategy & Net Zero funding with Shell UK, Harbour Energy & NSMP

Norway – Trudvang

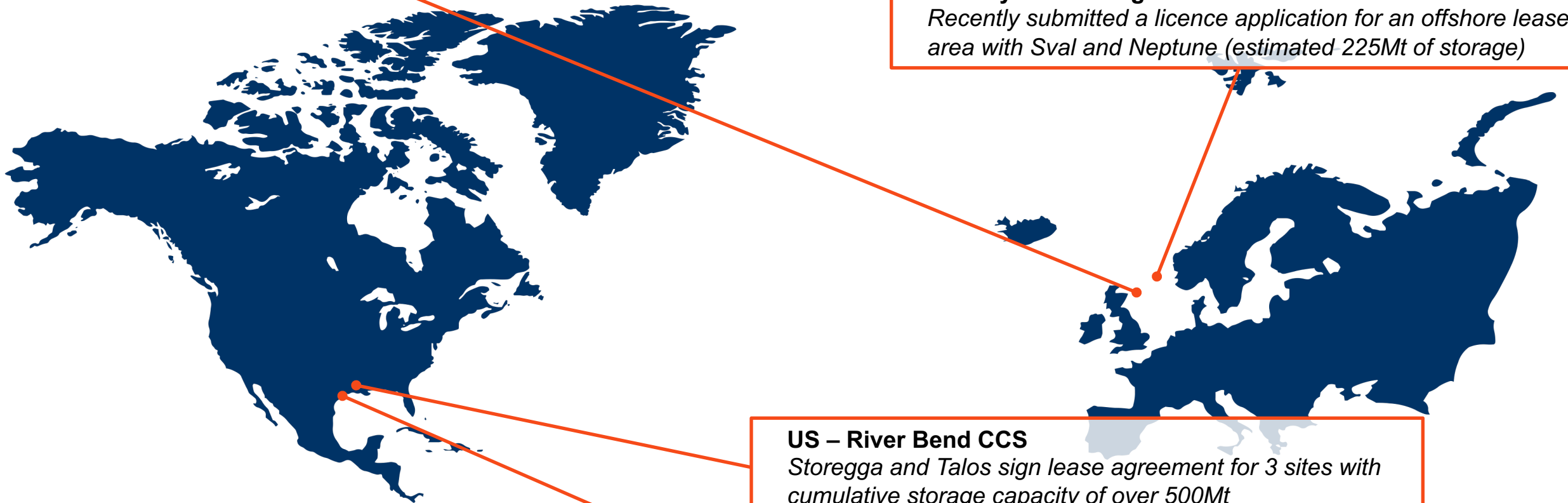
Recently submitted a licence application for an offshore lease area with Sval and Neptune (estimated 225Mt of storage)

US – River Bend CCS

Storegga and Talos sign lease agreement for 3 sites with cumulative storage capacity of over 500Mt

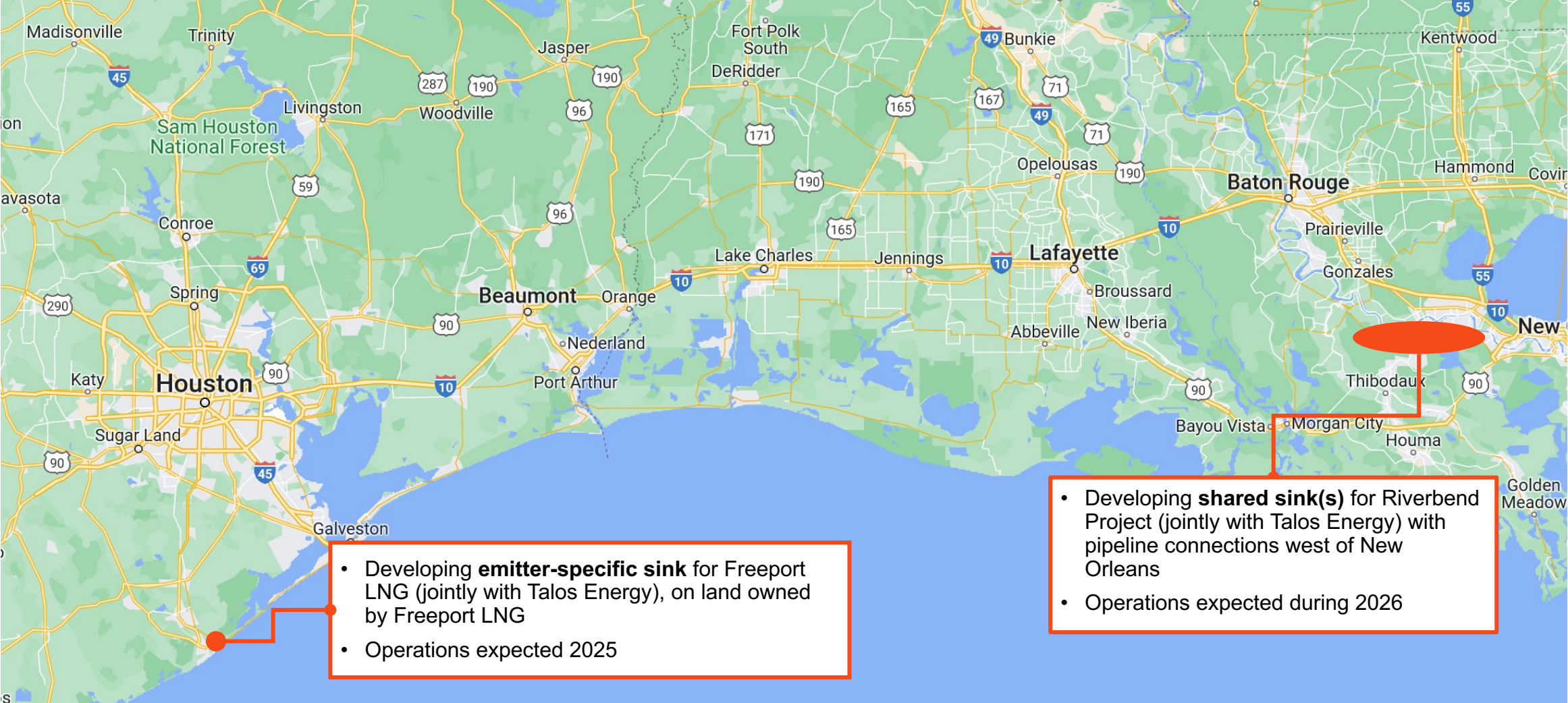
US – Freeport LNG CCS

Letter of intent signed between Storegga-Talos JV partnership and Freeport LNG to develop CCS project



STOREGGA GULF COAST PROJECTS

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Important Notice

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Storegga's participation in the SECARB-Offshore project is for research and knowledge sharing purposes only, in order to advance global decarbonization efforts through carbon capture and storage (CCS)

Storegga is **not** developing CO₂-enhanced oil recovery (EOR) projects of its own.

3 HISTORIC FIELDS

1. Cognac
2. Petronius
3. Horn Mountain

Two business models:

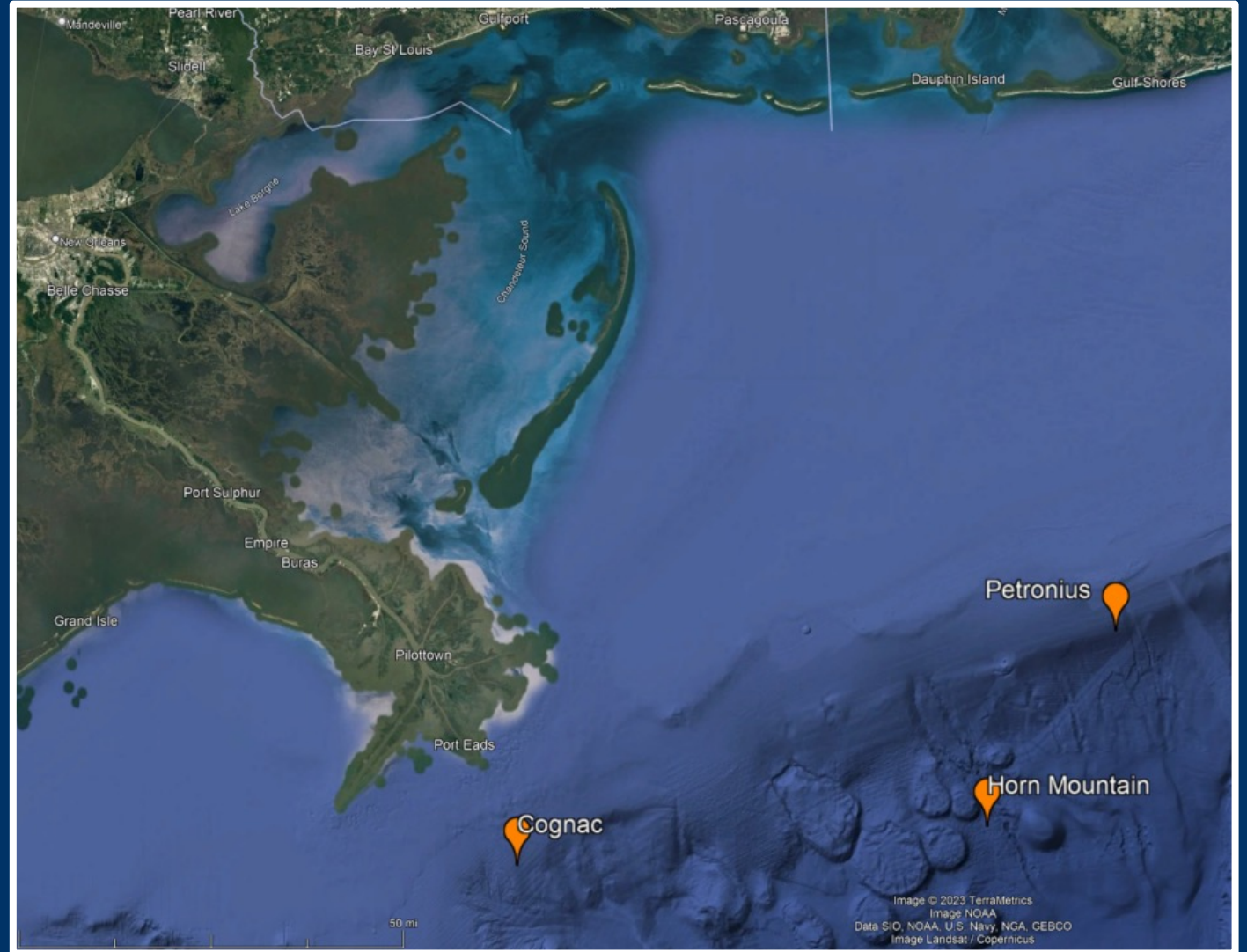


CCS



CO₂-Enhanced Oil Recovery (EOR)

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Att. to: Google Earth; image – TerraMetrics, NOAA, Landsat / Copernicus;
data – SIO, NOAA, US Navy, NGA, GEBCO

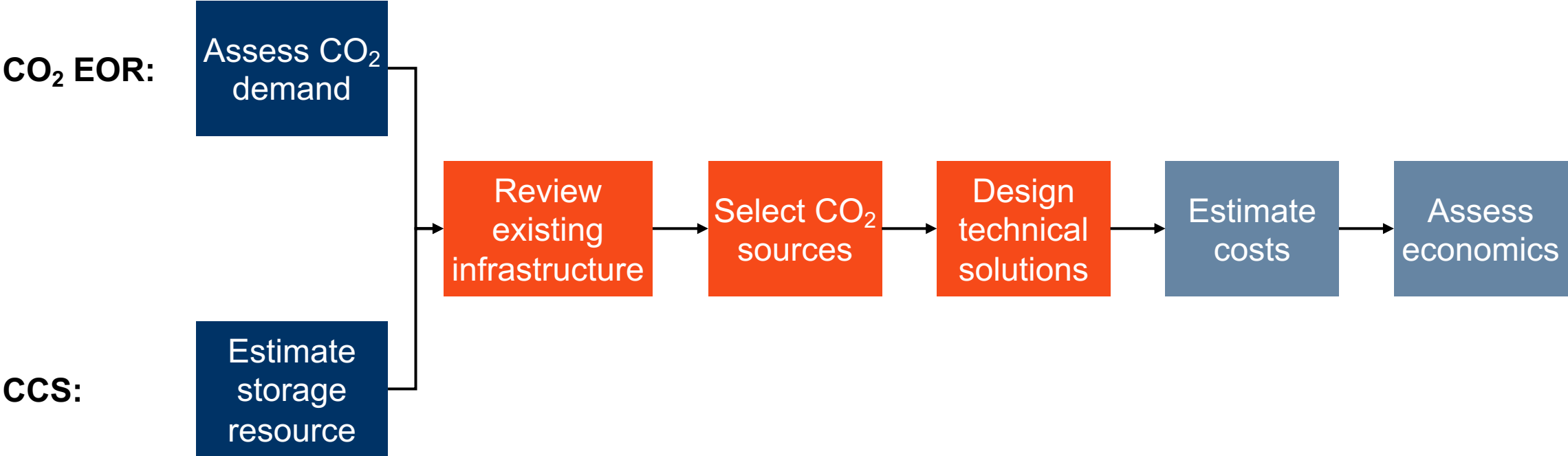
BACKGROUND

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	COGNAC	PETRONIUS	HORN MOUNTAIN
Type	Fixed leg	Compliant tower	Spar (truss type)
Water Depth	1,025 ft	1,754 ft	5,400 ft
Topsides weight	14,000t	8,800t	4,400t
Well slots	62	21	14
Blocks	MC-150, 151, 194, 191	VK-786, 742, 730	MC-126, 127, 82
Production Started	1979	2002	2002
Original recoverable Reserves	184 million barrels oil 762 billion scf gas	162 million barrels oil 200 billion scf gas	138 million barrels oil 127 billion scf gas
Produced	Essentially 100%	>85%	>96%

WORKFLOW

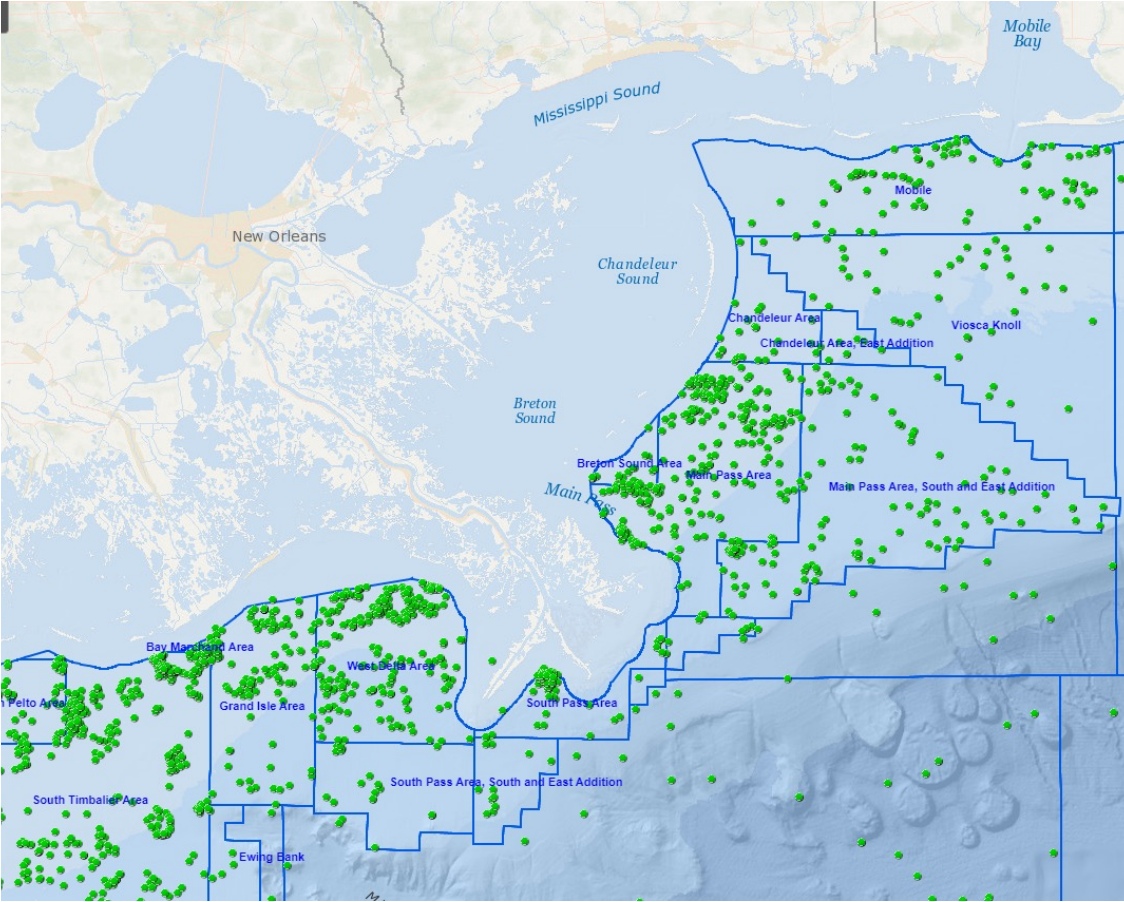
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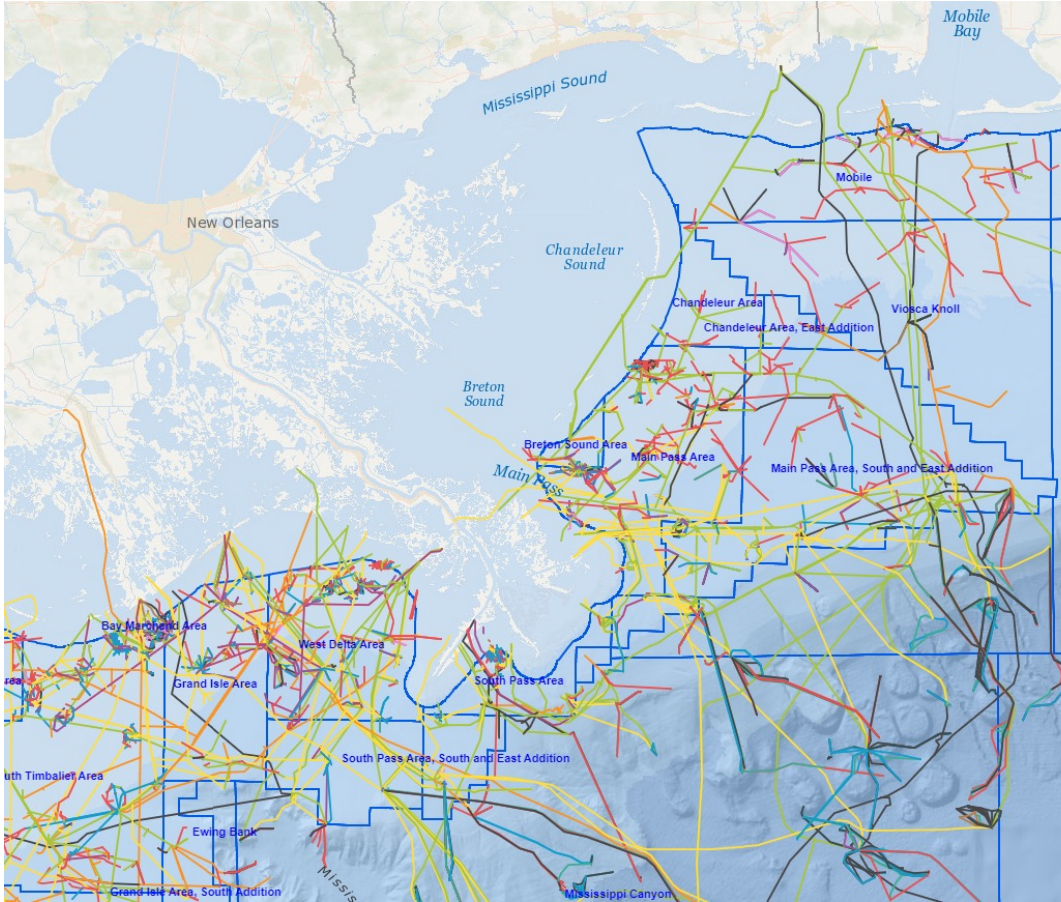
EXISTING INFRASTRUCTURE (BSEE)

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Platforms



Pipelines



Both att. to Esri, GEBCO, DeLorme, NaturalVue | BOEM / BSEE | Esri, GEBCO, IHO-IOC GEBCO, DeLorme, NGS,

CO₂ SOURCES

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EPA Greenhouse Gases Reporting Program GGRP Facility Level Information on Greenhouse gases (FLIGHT) tool

Emissions Sources:



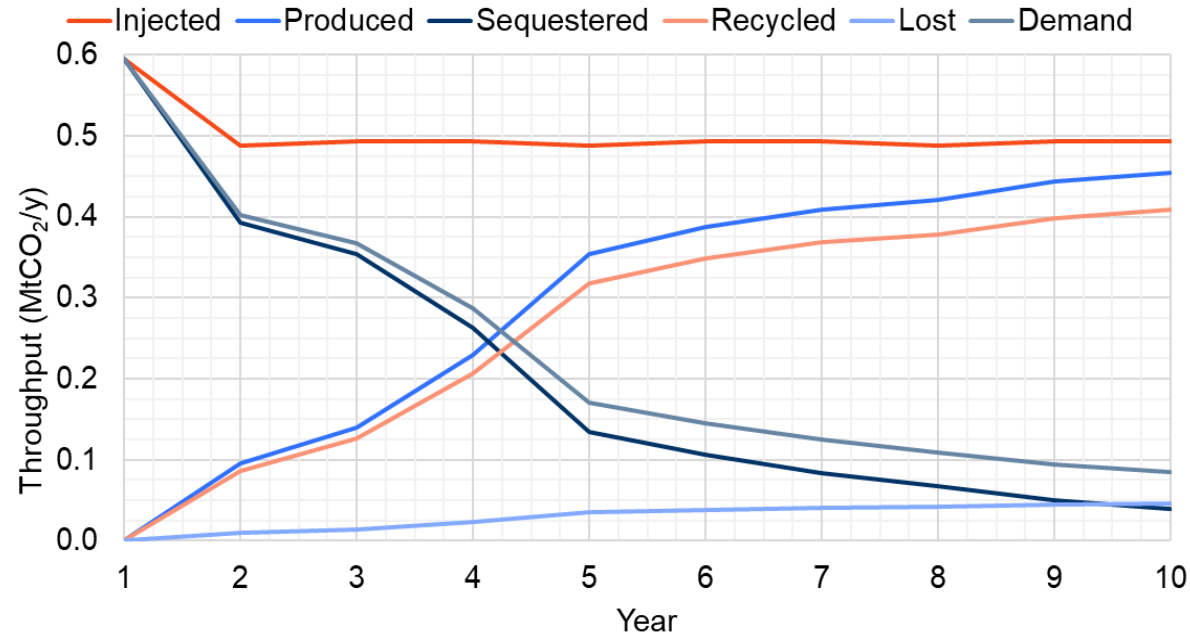
Att. US EPA



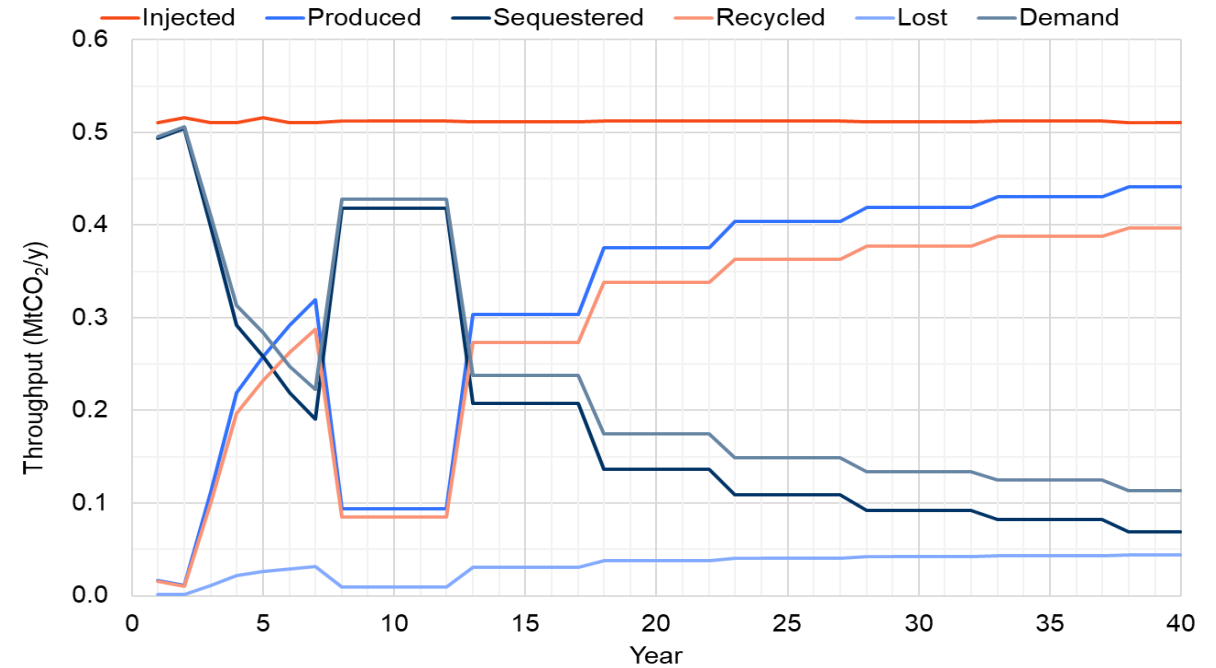
CO₂ MASS BALANCE (EOR)

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Cognac



Petronius



Based on modelling carried out by Advanced Resources International

- **Cognac (J-Sand):** http://www.adv-res.com/pdf/ARI_NETL_CognacOffshoreOilFieldCaseStudy_061620.pdf
- **Petronius (J-2 Sand):** http://www.adv-res.com/pdf/ARI_NETL_PetroniusOffshoreOilFieldCaseStudy_061620.pdf

CONSERVATIVE ASSESSMENT

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CO₂-EOR Performance

- Only 1 major sand CO₂-flood modelled in each case (information availability)
- Could expand assessment to additional reservoirs within field
- Could expand to adjacent fields (ie tieback opportunities)

CCS Performance

- Rudimentary “replacement method” employed (focus on development assessment)
- Based on production volumes only, CO₂ being stored in depleted reservoirs
- Greater study could assess saline aquifers within reach of the platforms
- Leverage economies of scale

DESIGN BASIS

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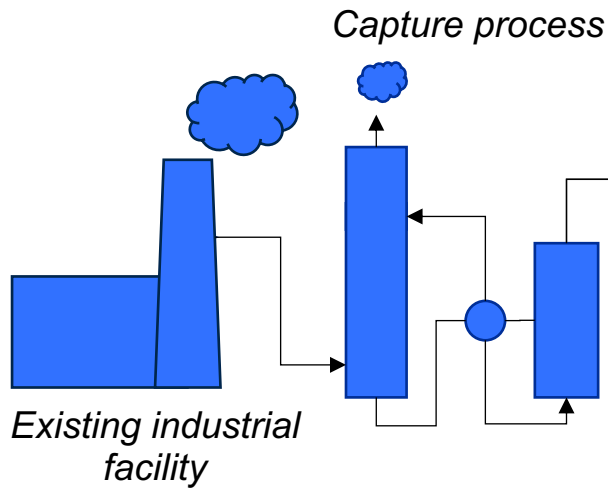
CO ₂ EOR	COGNAC	PETRONIUS
Concept options assessed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Different industrial emissions sources • Pipeline section reuse • New offshore pipeline 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CO₂ carrier with offshore buffer storage • Direct injection from carrier • Pipeline transport
Maximum CO ₂ injection rate	0.59 MtCO ₂ /yr	0.51 MtCO ₂ /yr

CCS	COGNAC	PETRONIUS
Concept options assessed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Platform facilities • Subsea facilities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CO₂ carrier with offshore buffer storage • Direct injection from carrier • Pipeline transport
Estimated CO ₂ storage resource (depleted sands only)	27.4 Mt	17.6Mt

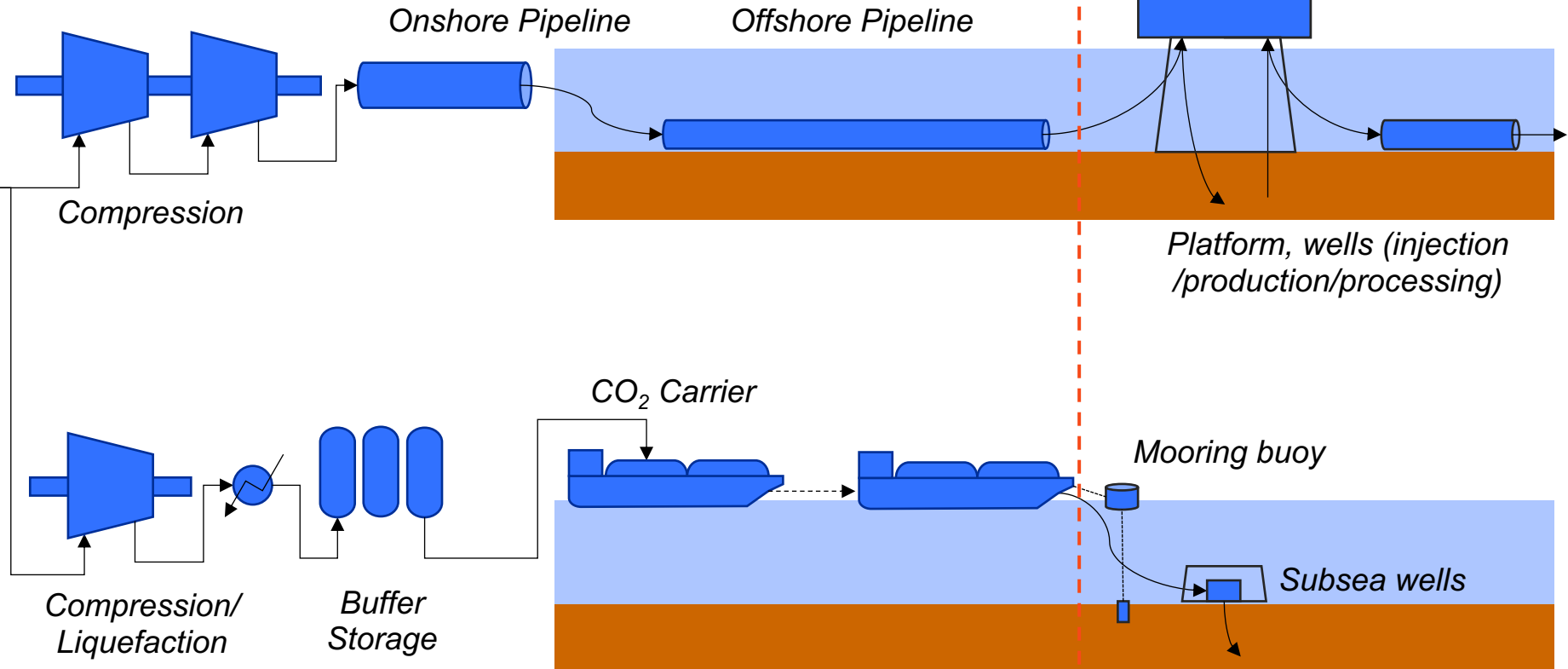
DEVELOPMENT CONCEPTS

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1. Capture



2. Transport



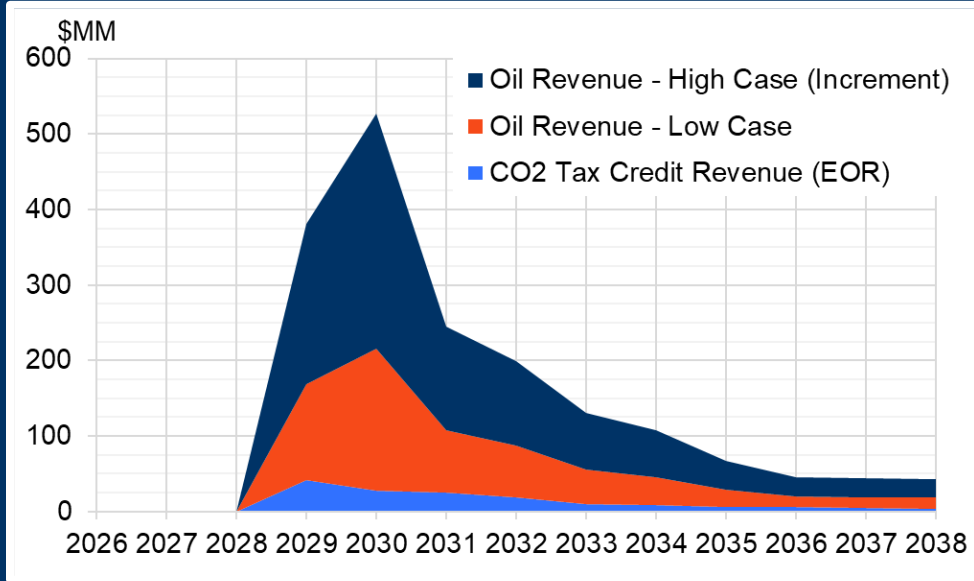
3. Facilities 4. Wells

Split into 4 sections for like-for-like comparisons and easy sensitivity analysis

- e.g. ship vs pipeline transport
- e.g. platform vs subsea

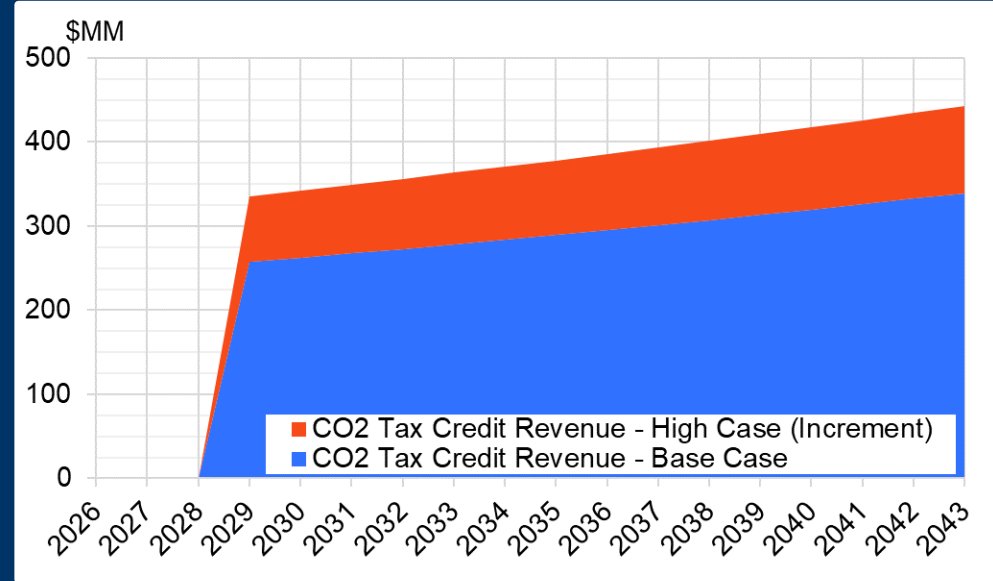
COGNAC REVENUE

CO₂-EOR:

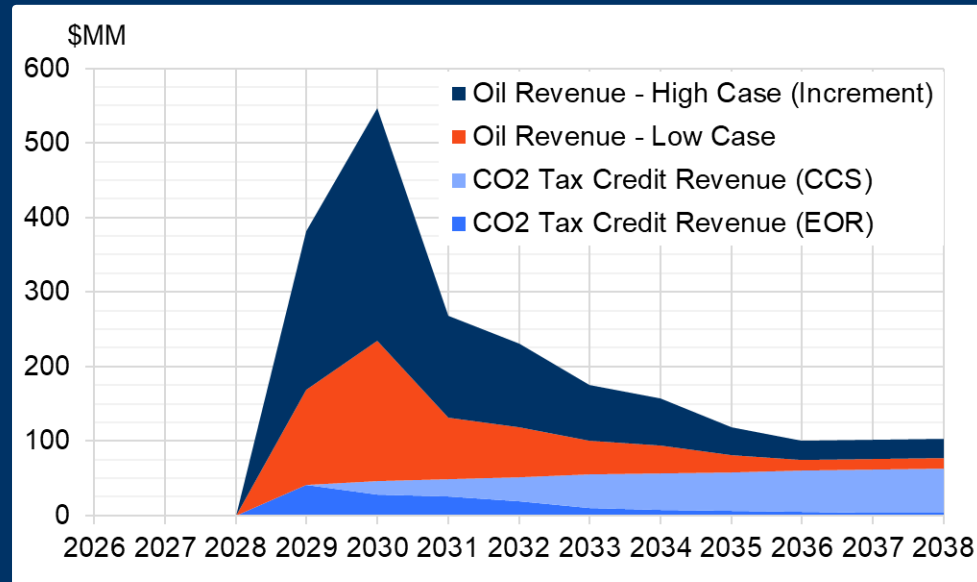


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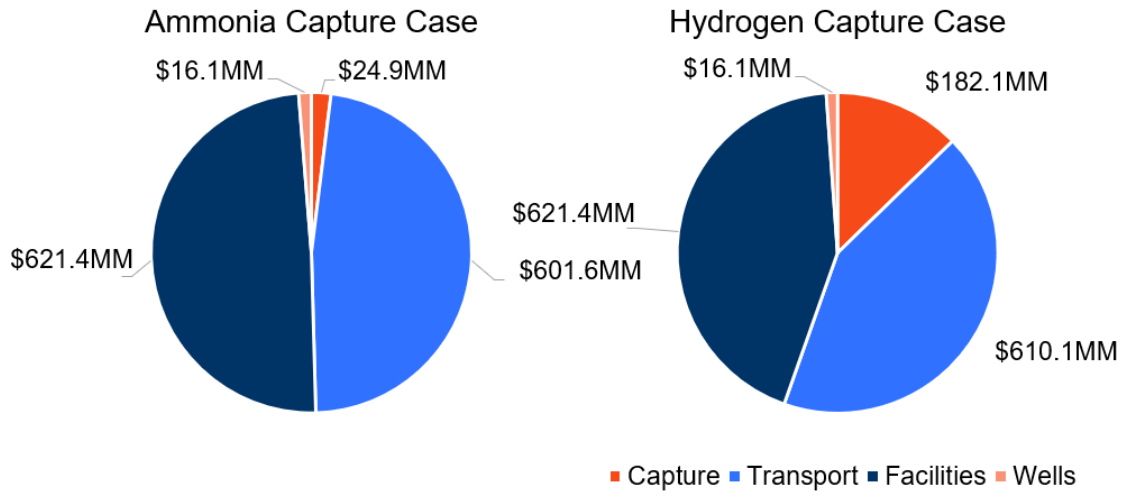


Sequester residual CO₂?



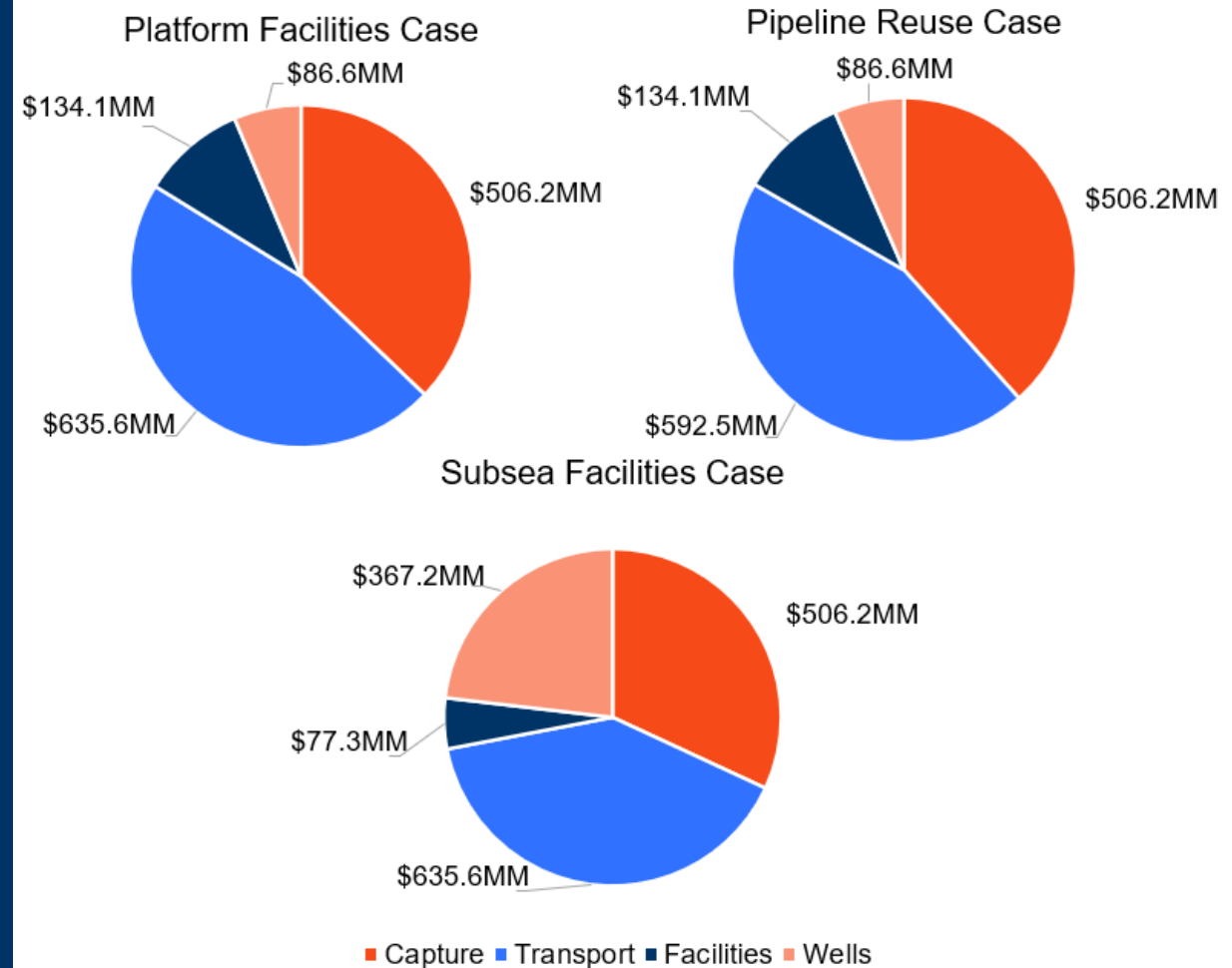
COGNAC COST/ECONOMICS

CO₂-EOR



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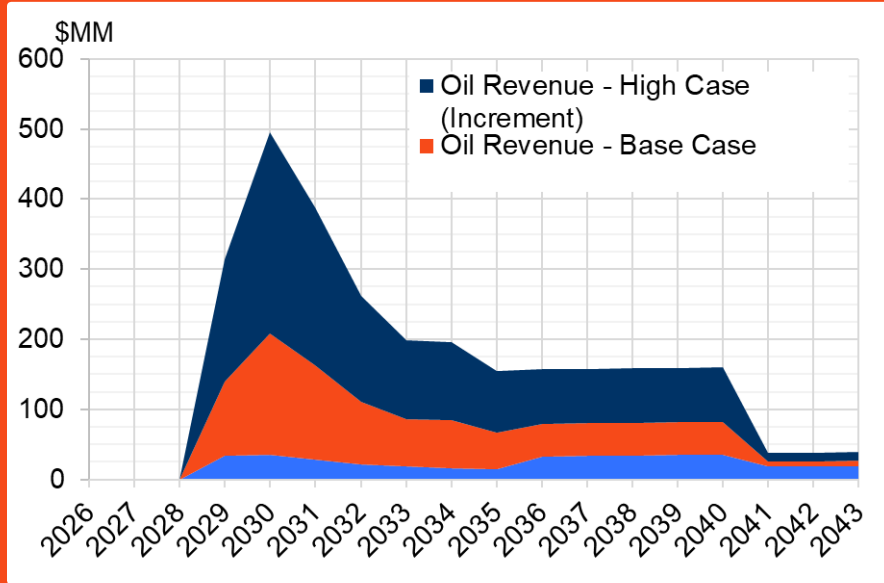
CCS



Note: provisional estimates awaiting review

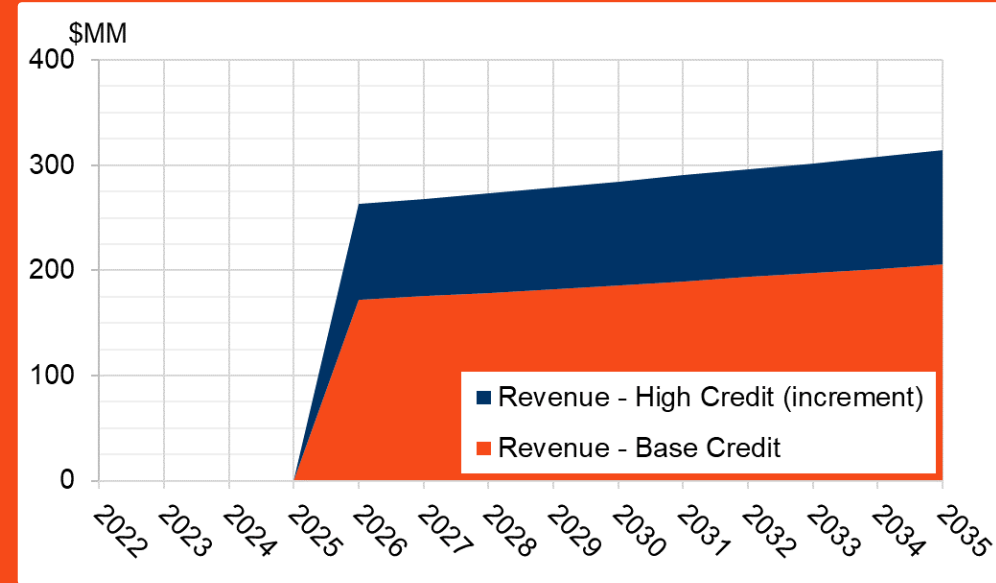
PETRONIUS REVENUE

CO₂-EOR:

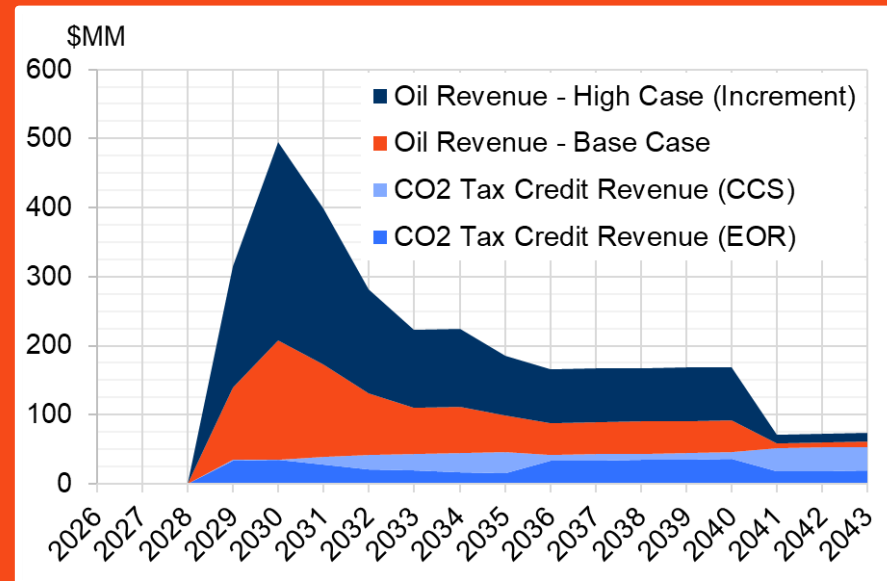


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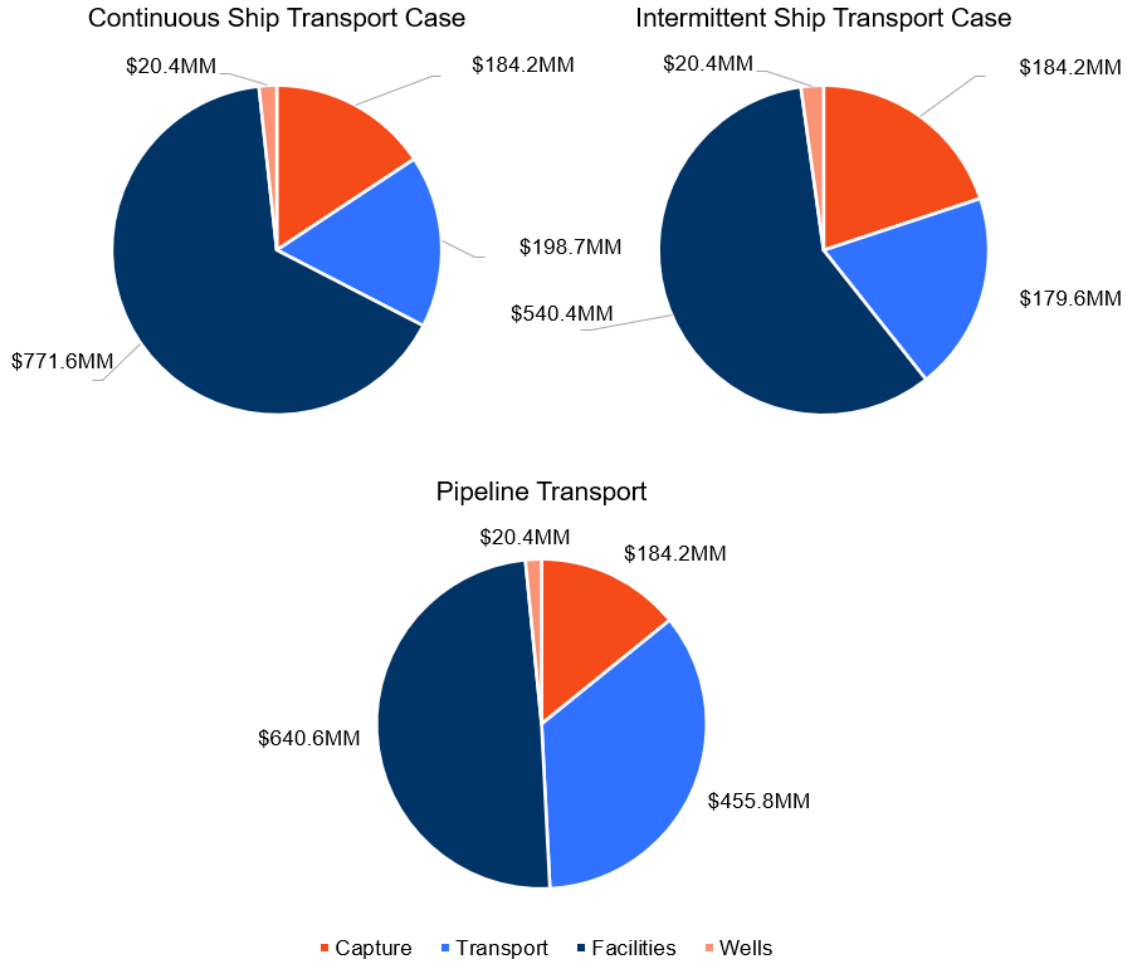


Sequester residual CO₂?



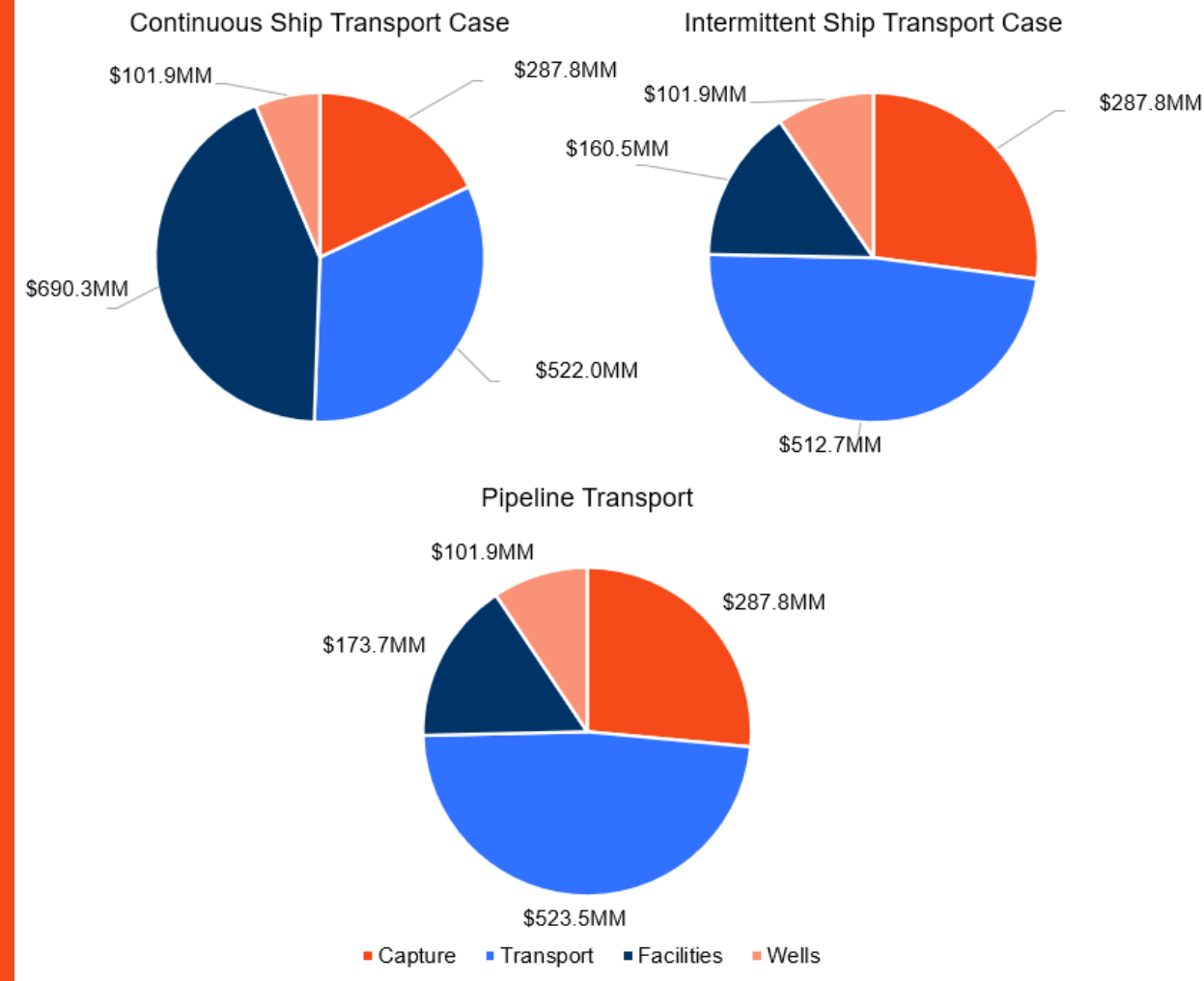
PETRONIUS COST/ECONOMICS

CO₂-EOR



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CCS



Note: provisional estimates awaiting review

SHIP VS PIPELINE

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	 PIPELINE	 SHIP
Advantages 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Low opex• High uptime• Suits longer project life	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Low capex• Easily diverted to other projects at end of project/as EOR demand drops
Disadvantages 	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High capex• Inflexible route	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• High opex• More affected by weather conditions• Requires offshore storage if intermittent injection proves detrimental
Suitable for	<p><u>Longer</u> project lifetimes</p> <p><u>Large</u> volumes</p>	<p><u>Shorter</u> project life</p> <p><u>Small</u> volume or <u>long</u> distances >200mile</p>



Incentivizing Offshore CCS/CO₂-EOR

- Offshore developments more capital intensive
- Further policy incentives, eg: capex grants (FOA-type), offshore provision in 45Q



Shared Infrastructure

- Spread pipeline costs across multiple projects with “arterial” trunklines



Permitting

- Combined CO₂-EOR/CCS developments – to what extent is this possible?
- Opportunity for diverse revenue streams



Decommissioning Liability

- Who covers costs of decommissioning on transfer of ownership?
- How will risks be managed through commercial agreements?

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Thanks for Listening!

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